experience to perform these functions. Job experience will qualify an individual to perform these functions if it has provided knowledge at least equivalent to that provided through the standardized curriculum.

- (a) Developing a HACCP plan, which could include adapting a model or generic-type HACCP plan, that is appropriate for a specific processor, in order to meet the requirements of §123.6(b);
- (b) Reassessing and modifying the HACCP plan in accordance with the corrective action procedures specified in §123.7(c)(5), the HACCP plan in accordance with the verification activities specified in §123.8(a)(1), and the hazard analysis in accordance with the verification activities specified in §123.8(c): and
- (c) Performing the record review required by §123.8(a)(3); The trained individual need not be an employee of the processor.

## § 123.11 Sanitation control procedures.

- (a) Sanitation SOP. Each processor should have and implement a written sanitation standard operating procedure (herein referred to as SSOP) or similar document that is specific to each location where fish and fishery products are produced. The SSOP should specify how the processor will meet those sanitation conditions and practices that are to be monitored in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Sanitation monitoring. Each processor shall monitor the conditions and practices during processing with sufficient frequency to ensure, at a minimum, conformance with those conditions and practices specified in part 110 of this chapter that are both appropriate to the plant and the food being processed and relate to the following:
- (1) Safety of the water that comes into contact with food or food contact surfaces, or is used in the manufacture of ice;
- (2) Condition and cleanliness of food contact surfaces, including utensils, gloves, and outer garments;
- (3) Prevention of cross-contamination from insanitary objects to food, food packaging material, and other food contact surfaces, including uten-

- sils, gloves, and outer garments, and from raw product to cooked product;
- (4) Maintenance of hand washing, hand sanitizing, and toilet facilities;
- (5) Protection of food, food packaging material, and food contact surfaces from adulteration with lubricants, fuel, pesticides, cleaning compounds, sanitizing agents, condensate, and other chemical, physical, and biological contaminants:
- (6) Proper labeling, storage, and use of toxic compounds;
- (7) Control of employee health conditions that could result in the microbiological contamination of food, food packaging materials, and food contact surfaces; and
- (8) Exclusion of pests from the food

The processor shall correct in a timely manner, those conditions and practices that are not met.

- (c) Sanitation control records. Each processor shall maintain sanitation control records that, at a minimum, document the monitoring and corrections prescribed by paragraph (b) of this section. These records are subject to the requirements of §123.9.
- (d) Relationship to HACCP plan. Sanitation controls may be included in the HACCP plan, required by §123.6(b). However, to the extent that they are monitored in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section they need not be included in the HACCP plan, and vice versa.

## §123.12 Special requirements for imported products.

This section sets forth specific requirements for imported fish and fishery products.

- (a) Importer verification. Every importer of fish or fishery products shall either:
- (1) Obtain the fish or fishery product from a country that has an active memorandum of understanding (MOU) or similar agreement with the Food and Drug Administration, that covers the fish or fishery product and documents the equivalency or compliance of the inspection system of the foreign